



WE COUNT FEMICIDE

ONTARIO 2022 ELECTION EDITION

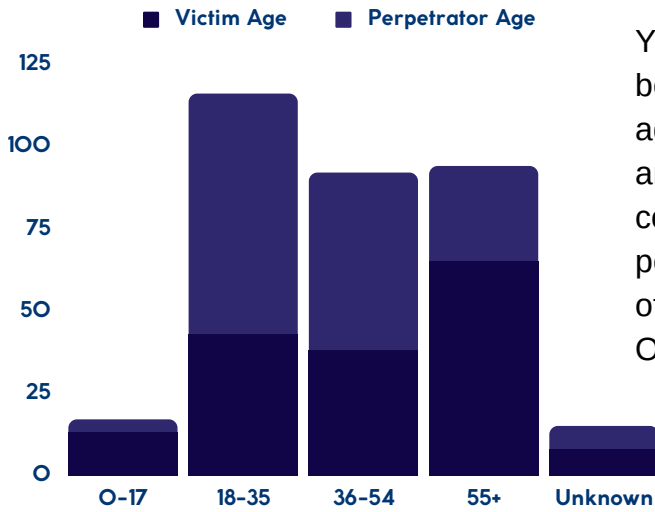
BECAUSE...

JUNE 7TH 2018 - APRIL 30TH, 2022



Ontario Femicides (since June 7 2018)

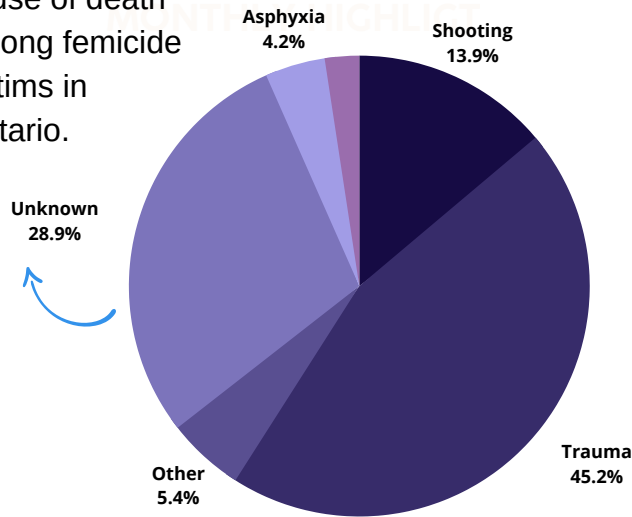
Victim & Perpetrator Age Comparison



Young men, between the ages of 18-35 are the most common perpetrators of femicide in Ontario.

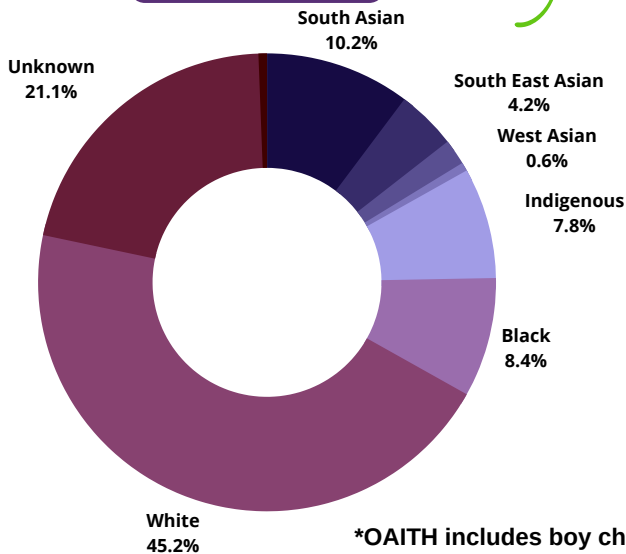
Trauma is the most common cause of death among femicide victims in Ontario.

Cause of Death



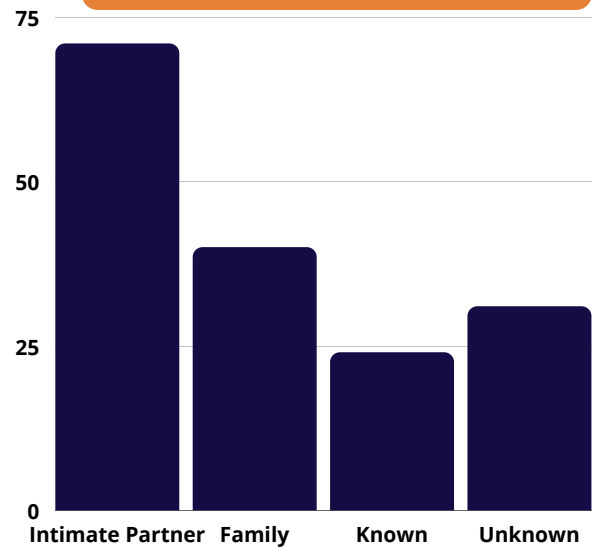
Femicide continues to disproportionately effect racialized women, children and gender-diverse individuals.

Victim Race



Femicides in Ontario are most commonly perpetrated by a current or former intimate partner.

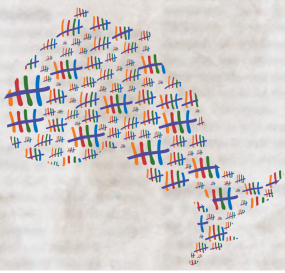
Victim & Perpetrator Relationship Comparison



*OAITH includes boy children who have been killed with their mothers in cases of intimate partner femicides.

Quick Facts

- 166 femicides* have been reported by the media in Ontario since June 2018.
- 71 femicides have been perpetrated by male intimate partners
- 40 femicides have been perpetrated by male family members
- 55 femicides have been perpetrated by men who were either known to the victim or where the relationship has not been reported in the media



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#WeCountFemicideBecause



Systemic issues that need to be addressed to prevent gender-based violence and femicide in Ontario



- 1. Reduce poverty through decent work, living wages, affordable childcare, improving food insecurity and income supports
2. Increase affordability, access to housing and supportive housing supply
3. Increase access to health and trauma care supports, harm reduction services, sexual health services and ensure the protection of reproductive rights, care and services
4. Address geographical connectivity and the digital divide by increasing access to safe and affordable transportation, cellular coverage and affordable high-speed internet across the province
5. New and sustainable investments to core GBV services and prevention programs for survivors, children and those who cause harm
6. Respond to the systemic issues and ongoing colonization leading to the disproportionate rates of violence and murder that is experienced by Indigenous women, girls and two-spirit individuals and implement the 231 calls for justice
7. Improve equitable response through policy, training and education to address racism, hatred and oppression; Anti-Asian Racism, Anti-Black Racism, Anti-Indigenous Racism, Anti-Semitism, Nazi-Racism, Islamophobia, Homophobia, Transphobia, Transmisogyny and Ableism
8. Increase access to a responsive legal and criminal justice system
9. Respond to the needs of the aging population and address the increase in violence and femicide rates among women above the age of 55
10. Ensure gender-responsive planning to environmental disasters and climate change impacts that lead to poverty, housing displacement, food insecurity, as this increases the risks of gender-based violence

Media Tips: bit.ly/FemicideMediaTips

Annual Lists: bit.ly/AnnualFemicideLists

Learn More: bit.ly/WeCountFemicideBecause

Monthly Snapshots: bit.ly/MonthlyFemicideReports

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Questions, Errors or Omissions: info@oaith.ca